

# Grants Pass Daily Courier

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## ITALY WARNED BY AMERICA TO LIFT BLOCAD

IS INTERFERING WITH PLANS  
OF ALLIES TO FRUSTRATE  
BOLSHEVIST MOVEMENT

## U. S. MAY STOP FOOD SUPPLY

French and English Outspoken in  
Criticism of Italians for Attitude  
Against Small States

Washington, Mar. 6.—Italy has been warned by the American government that unless she puts an end to delays in the movements of relief supplies to newly established Jugoslav and Czech-Slovak states, steps will be taken to cut off the flow of American foodstuffs to Italy.

Paris, Mar. 6.—British and French delegates have been bitterly outspoken in the supreme war council in their criticism of the food blockade the Italian government is maintaining against Dalmatia, Bosnia, Herzegovina, Croatia and Slovenia. These new democracies built from the old Austrian empire are relied upon by the entente as protection against the Bolshevik wave and the food shortage there has made the situation critical and stopped the American relief work.

Italy is entirely dependent upon the United States for her food staples, receiving credits to make purchases.

## 80 PER CENT OF DEATHS WAS DUE TO INFLUENZA

Tokio, Mar. 6.—There were 10,000,000 cases of influenza in Japan in October, November and December, according to the report of the home department officials. This means that one in every seven of the population has been attacked. During the three months 80 per cent of all deaths were from influenza-pneumonia.

## TORNADO REAPS TOLL IN ALABAMA CITY

Eufaula, Ala., Mar. 6.—A tornado yesterday killed four persons and injured many others. The storm also did damage estimated at many millions of dollars.

## BULGARS' BRUTALITY REVEALED BY SKULLS

Nish, Serbia, Mar. 6.—Cumulative evidence has been given the correspondent of the Associated Press by many Serbian mayors or prefects, of a studied attempt by Bulgarians during their occupation of Serbia, to exterminate part of the civilian population.

In the town of Bela Planica the number who fell victims to Bulgarian massacres is placed by the chief of police at 300. At the invitation of this official, the correspondent visited the scene where many of these murders were carried out. He saw heaps of human bones, skulls and fragments of clothing. No effort apparently had been made by Bulgarians to give their victims burial and their bodies were left exposed to dogs and wolves.

Among the Serbians killed here was a 70 year old monk.

The Bulgars posted a special guard about this place of slaughter which is situated high up on Lom hill, and forbade any Serbian going near it under penalty of death.

## PEOPLE FROM OVER STATE AT FUNERAL

Body of James Withycombe Is Laid  
Away in Mausoleum at Salem.  
Where Services Are Private

Salem, Ore., Mar. 6.—The body of James Withycombe was laid away today in a mausoleum at the City View cemetery. Services at the mausoleum were private, although hundreds attended the services at the church.

Four officers of the cadet regiment of the Oregon Agricultural college served as a body guard near the casket. The college military contingent arrived on a special train this afternoon.

People from all parts of the state arrived today for the funeral.

## 9,000 OPERATORS MAY QUIT PHONE WORK

San Francisco, Mar. 6.—A strike of 9,000 telephone operators and 3,000 linemen in California, Washington, Oregon and Nevada has been ordered by the executive committee of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers in the event that Postmaster General Burleson does not speedily grant wage demands of the brotherhood, it was announced here today by T. C. Robbins, personal representative of L. C. Granger, vice-president of the organization.

## CAPTAIN CARPENTER



Captain Carpenter of H. M. S. Vindictive is in the United States. He is the captain of the proudest if not the most prepossessing ship in the British navy. It was the Vindictive that took the leading part in the most thrilling assault of the war, the object of which was to bottle up the German submarine and destroyer posts in Zeebrugge.

## MISSING METEOR IS FOUND IN RESERVOIR

Towanda, Pa., Mar. 6.—A search for a missing meteor, conducted by the United States geological survey, has ended in the reservoir of the Towanda Water company. Incidentally it has enabled the company to account for the sudden disappearance of its ice crop on the night of January 22.

On the afternoon of the meteor's flight local officials visited the reservoir and decided to cut the eight-inch crop of ice the next morning. During the night the meteor landed in the reservoir. When workmen went to harvest the ice, it had dwindled to a scant three inches, due, it is asserted, to the heat of the meteor warming the water in the reservoir.

The reservoir will be drained in an effort to find the meteor.

## HINDENBURG SEES BLACK CLOUDS ON THE HORIZON

Declares Germans Must Rally to Defense of Homes to  
Save Country From Bolshevism--Both Factions Lose  
Many in Street Fighting--Spartacans Gain Recruits

Berlin, Mar. 6.—The military situation on the eastern front is painted in the blackest colors by General von Hindenburg. He declares that unless the population of Germany rallies to the defense of their homes and families, it will be impossible to ward off attacks by Bolshevik hordes.

Berlin, Mar. 6.—Considerable artillery firing has taken place in the vicinity of police headquarters, which is now held by government forces.

The leader of the majority socialists told the Associated Press correspondent that so far, the general strike is a failure. Wherever the workmen balloted secretly the opposition to the strike was overwhelming. The employees of the telegraph companies, the postoffice, and big stores at Berlin resolved to protest against the general strike. The railway personnel announced that they will not participate, it is reported. Both the Spartan and govern-

## BOCHE CLINGING TO THEIR MARKS OF RANK

Amsterdam, Jan. 30.—Officers of the German army held an excited meeting in Berlin recently and expressed great indignation at the new war office regulation abolishing marks of rank, says the Vossische Zeitung. They strongly denounce the system of soldiers' councils and advocated the employment of the most drastic means in order to enforce the cancellation of the new decree.

Colonel Reinhardt, minister of war, attended the meeting and pointed out the great difficulties at home and in the east. It was im-

## SAYS LENINE IS CONCEITED AND WANTS TO ENLIGHTEN BALANCE OF WORLD

Archangel, Dec. 26, via London, Feb. 8.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—An interesting insight into the views of a Russian leader on the troubles and falling of his own people is given by President Nicholas B. Tchakovsky of the Northern Region in an article written for the American Sentinel, the newspaper for American soldiers, published at Archangel.

Writing for the members of the American expeditionary force, President Tchakovsky said: "It is true that Russian culture is very recent and lacks the brilliancy and accomplishment that are so characteristic of the large American cities. It is particularly noticeable that what we borrow from abroad does not easily adjust itself to our foundations. But, as if afraid to be left behind by our more progressive neighbors, we have acquired this foreign superstructure without having first properly prepared the foundation."

"Thus we had brilliant electric lighting in our capitals long ago, whereas the peasants in the villages have only recently ceased using wood splinters to light their huts. Our universities and scientists are well known throughout the world, while scarcely 30 per cent of our country folk are able to read and write."

"In our social and political life, one observes the same peculiarity. For more than 50 years we lived under a rule of veritable slavery to

## SHIPYARDS MAY OPEN UP MONDAY

Draftsmen Vote 47 to 4 to Return  
to Work--Will Await Decision of  
Washington Conference

Seattle, Wash., Mar. 6.—The striking shipyard draughtsmen who walked out with other metal trades workers January 21, voted 47 to 4 to return to work. The other unions are voting, but the results have not yet been announced.

It is believed that the shipyards may open Monday at the former wage scale, pending the outcome of wage conferences at Washington.

## NEGRO TROOPS GET NEW TRIAL

Washington, Mar. 6.—In announcing today that President Wilson had set aside court-martial sentences and ordered new trials in the case of 19 negro soldiers tried at Camp Grant, Ill., in connection with an attack upon a woman, Secretary Baker said the judge advocate general had found undue haste in trying the men on the eve of their division's departure for France had deprived the accused of fundamental rights.

Eight of the men were sentenced to death, five sentenced to life imprisonment, one found insane and five acquitted.

## FORMER SECRETARY OF THE NAVY DIES

Tampa, Fla., Mar. 6.—Harry A. Herbert, secretary of the navy during Grover Cleveland's second term as president, died here today at the age of 85 years.

## GEN. W. W. HARTS



Gen. William W. Harts, military aid to President Wilson at the White House until August last, when he joined the American forces at the front, has been in full charge of arrangements for the arrival and visit of the president in France and of the material arrangements for the stay of the American peace delegates.

## IDLENESS IN CITIES CAUSE MANY CRIMES

London, Mar. 6.—Crime has been on the increase in England since the signing of the armistice and in official quarters, particularly Scotland Yard, it is attributed to a great extent to soldiers on leave. It is the natural result of idle hands, the officials say.

"I am afraid there will be little abatement in the outbreak until demobilization has been considerably advanced," he said. "If, in the meantime, the military authorities could devise some scheme for keeping the men more in the country districts and less in the cities, things might be better than they are. City lounging invariably has a worse effect on a man than country idling."

## DEPUTIES WILL ASSIST INCOME TAX VICTIMS

ESTABLISH HEADQUARTERS AT  
COURTHOUSE AND WILL RE-  
MAIN THREE DAYS

## RETURNS ARE DUE ON MARCH 15

Advise People to Have All Data To-  
gether and Totalled So As to  
Expedite Matters

For the purpose of assisting the people in making their income tax returns, G. V. Wimberly, of Roseburg, and W. F. Hammer, of Portland, deputy collectors of internal revenue, or collectors of income tax today established offices at the county courthouse, where they will be found until Saturday evening next. Due to the fact that they will be in Grants Pass three days only, they ask that those wishing to make their returns have all data together and totalled so as to facilitate their work. Income tax returns must be made by March 15.

If you are a married man and your income is as much as \$2,000 a year, you must make returns, regardless of whether you have children which will exempt you from any actual payment. You must make your return anyway.

The income tax levy touches the pocketbook of every person in the United States of moderate means, but is graduated so that each person pays according to their means. The estimated revenue to be collected is \$6,000,000,000.

## RANCHER ARRESTED

Prineville, Ore., Mar. 6.—Rehaldo Zenatta, an Italian rancher, is held by the federal authorities here, charged with threatening the life of President Wilson after the immigration authorities kept his wife from entering this country.

## MOST ACCIDENTS ARE CAUSED BY ALIENS

Washington, Mar. 6.—Van H. Manning, director of the bureau of mines, department of the interior, informed congress today that the education of the non-English-speaking foreign-born among the miners by the so-called Americanization bill should result in the saving from death each year of nearly 1,000 of these men and the saving from injury of about 150,000. Teaching these men how to read and write the English language would permit them to read the ordinary precautionary signs in the most dangerous mines and enable the men to understand the suggestions for safety given by the bosses, according to Mr. Manning.

Mr. Manning blames the present high death and injury rate in the mines to the presence of these foreigners from the non-English-speaking races, a majority of whom are not even able to read or write their own languages. He finds that the death and injury rates among these men are twice as high as among the English-speaking miners and that their presence in the mines is responsible for a higher accident rate than would ordinarily exist among the English-speaking miners, making these men a menace to all of the miners. The statistics show that there are more than 620,000 foreign-born men employed in the mines and that 75 per cent of these, or 465,000, are from the non-English-speaking races, nearly all of them from countries where there is no mining.